



ENGLISH CLASS.

THE Rev. Mr CLEEVE proposes to open his Classes for the Winter, on Tuesday the 23d of this month, at the hours of FOUR and SEVEN; but to make it more convenient for those who chuse to be present, the first meeting of the Public Class will be at HALF PAST FIVE: The other, at the fixed hour of Seven.

The business of each Class being different, the introductory Lecture will be so too.

Tickets to be had at No. 141, Nicolson's-street.

On Monday next the 22d current,

begins to be sold by Auction, at the Auction-room, east wing of the Exchange,

A VERY FINE COLLECTION OF BOOKS.

In Physic, Surgery, Anatomy, Botany, Materia Medica, Chyrurgery, and Natural History. Being the Library of the deceased Dr Mitchell, Physician in Dundee, and which are all absolutely to be sold off for the benefit of his family.

The books are in good order, and may be seen three days before the auction, which begins every night at six o'clock.

For the best authors, and a large Collection of Theatricals.

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DUNN'S

TWELVE SUBSCRIPTION ASSEMBLIES.

JAMES DUNN, with his most respectful thanks to the Nobility and Gentry for favours formerly received, takes this method of informing them; That upon Tuesday the 4th of January 1785, he intends to OPEN his Assembly Room upon the following plan, which he humbly hopes will be agreeable to the Public.

Each Gentleman's subscription ticket to be two guineas, with twelve tickets transferable only to Gentlemen. The Lady's one guinea, with twelve tickets transferable only to Ladies, and each of these transferable tickets to pay three shillings at admission; but the subscription tickets not transferable.

Mr Dunn humbly hopes, that such Ladies who mean to countenance him will honour the Assembly with their presence the first night, for the purpose of appointing twelve Ladies for directing each Assembly in turn, who may, upon their own nights, make choice of what Gentlemen they please to assist them.

N. B. The Assemblies are to be held on TUESDAYS weekly.

The subscription-book is opened at the Hotel, where the tickets will be given out.

TO BE SOLD, FOR THIRTY GUINEAS.

A REMARKABLE GOOD HUNTER, thoroughly trained, fifteen hands high, able to carry 14 stone fox-hunting, rising eight years old, and warranted perfectly found.

To be seen at Baile Gaff's, St Andrew's, Fife-shire.

HORSES AND CARTS.

On Monday the 22d instant, at eleven o'clock forenoon, will be sold by Auction, at the Repository, Edinburgh,

FIFTEEN GOOD CART HORSES—Likewise **FIFTEEN CARTS**, with complete harness for the same.

N. B. The Horses and Carts will be seen at the Repository on the Saturday preceding the Sale.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, EDINBURGH.

NOVEMBER 17, 1784.

WHEREAS, by an Act passed in the 9th year of the reign of her Majesty Queen Anne, intituled, "An Act for establishing a General Post Office for all her Majesty's dominions;" and it is enacted, That the Postmaster General, and his deputy or deputies, and his and their servants and agents, and no other person or persons whatsoever, shall have the receiving, carrying, and delivering of all letters and packets whatsoever, which shall from time to time be sent to and from all places in Great Britain, &c. where he shall settle or cause to be settled posts or running messengers for that purpose, except such letters as shall concern goods sent by common known carriers, and shall be respectively delivered with the goods such letters do concern, without hire or reward; and except letters of merchants, milters, and officers of any ships or vessels of merchandise which shall concern the cargo or lading thereof, whereof such merchants, &c. are owners, and shall be delivered to the respective persons to whom they shall be directed, without any hire or reward; and also excepting commissions, or the return thereof, affidavits, writs, process of proceedings, or returns thereof, issuing out of any court; and also any letter or letters sent by any private friend or friends, in their way of journey or travel, or by any messenger or messengers sent on purpose for or concerning the private affair of any person or persons: PROVIDED ALWAYS NEVERTHELESS, that nothing in the said exception contained shall extend or be construed to give any licence or authority to any common carriers of goods, whole servants or agents, to receive, collect, or deliver, with or without hire, any letters or letters, packet or packets of letters whatsoever, that do not concern such goods; nor to any owners or drivers of stage-coaches; nor to any owners, masters, or commanders of boats, called *passage-boats*, sailing to or from any parts or places beyond the seas, or their servants or agents; nor to any passenger on board such boats or vessels; nor to the owners or watermen on board any boat, barge, or vessel, passing or repassing on any river to and from any part of Great Britain, &c. although they do not receive any hire, reward, or other advantage for the same; but that all such carriers, owners or drivers of stage-coaches, &c. collecting and delivering letters aforesaid, though without hire or reward, shall be deemed as persons offending against the said act, and shall forfeit and pay such sums of money as persons conveying letters for hire are enacted to forfeit and pay.

It is further enacted, That no person or persons whatsoever, other than such Postmaster-General, his deputy or deputies, or assigns, shall presume to receive, convey, or deliver any letter or letters, packet or packets of letters (other than as before excepted), or fit up or employ any foot post, horse post, packet boat or other vessel, or any person or persons, conveyance or conveyances whatsoever, for receiving, dispatching, carrying, recarrying, or delivering any letter or letters, packet or packets, by sea or land, or on any river (other than as before excepted), on pain of forfeiting of the sum of 5 l. British money for every offence against the tenor of the said act; and also of the sum of 100 l. British money for every week that any offender shall continue to employ any foot post, horse post, packet boat or other vessel, or any person or persons, conveyance or conveyances whatsoever, for the purposes aforesaid.

It is further enacted, That all letters and packets that may be brought to any port-town by any master of any ship or vessel, or any of his company or passengers (other than such letters as are before excepted), shall be forthwith delivered in to the deputy or deputies only of such Postmaster-General, being by him appointed for such place or port-town, and to be by the said deputy or deputies sent post into the said General Post-office, to be delivered according to the several and respective directions of the same, upon pain of forfeiting the sum of 5 l. British money for every offence; and, for the encouragement of all such masters and others, on their arrival or touching at such ports, they shall receive the sum of one penny of such deputy or deputies for every letter or packet of letters they shall so deliver, they giving a receipt for the same.

And it is enacted, That the said several penalties and forfeitures by the said act imposed on any offender or offenders against the same, or any part thereof, shall and may be sued for and recovered by action or actions of debt, bill, plaint, or information, in any of her Majesty's courts of record, wherein no assign, privilege, protection, or wager at law, shall be admitted; any moiety thereof to her Majesty, her heirs and successors, and the other moiety thereof to the person or persons who shall inform against the offenders, and shall sue for the same; and in every such recovery the person or persons so informing and prosecuting for the said penalties and forfeitures, shall recover and have also taxed and paid their full costs of suit.

AND WHEREAS carriers, owners, and drivers of stage coaches and diligences in Scotland, shipmasters and others, take upon them, contrary to the foresaid act, to receive, carry, and deliver letters and packets, not falling under the exceptions therein, to the great injury of the revenue.—NOTICE is hereby given, That all offenders against the said act will be prosecuted for the statutory penalties.

By Order of the Postmaster-General,

DAVID ROSS, Sec.

AT LONDON—FOR LEITH,

THE SHIP RAITH,

A New Greenlandman,

DONALD DENOUN Master,

NOW lying at House's Wharf, near the Hermitage Bridge, loading for Leith and all places adjacent, to be delivered at Leith.

Will positively sail 28th November current, as great part of the loading is engaged.

For freight or passage, apply to the captain on board.

Not to be repeated.



WIG CLUB

MEETS at Fortune's on Tuesday and current. It is expected that all the Members in and about the town will attend.
LORD HADINTON is the Chair.

PRINTS.

By the Greatest Masters Ancient and Modern, WHICH will be SOLD BY AUCTION, in that commodious Room, Bridge Street, next door to Court and Sutherland's music-shop, on Thursday the 18th current, and two following evenings, at six o'clock precisely.

The particulars of each night's sale may be viewed on the respective days, from twelve o'clock noon, till three o'clock afternoon. Catalogues gratis; every article of which will be put up at the pleasure of the company, and sold off with a reserve.

Conditions of sale as usual.

This day is Published

By ELPHINSTON BALFOUR.

FORMS OF WRITINGS

Used in the most common cases in Scotland, with such part of the Principles of the Law as appears connected therewith; in a manner so plain and simple as not to require any previous practice in the law for using them.

IN FOURTEEN TITLES.

Treating of the Nature and Form of, and obligation created by, Missives, Minutes of Sale, and Agreements; of Tacks, Assignations thereto; Subtacks, and Articles of Roup thereon; of Submissions, Minutes and Decrees Arbitral thereon; of Contracts of Sale; of Indentures for binding Apprentices, and for Emigrations; of Succession in moveables; of Testaments, Codicils, with the method of excluding the necessity of Confirmation; the form of Subscription by Notaries, or Ministers, for persons who cannot write; with observations how far the Ministers powers are derived from Statute, and how far from Custom; General Dispositions; Nomination of Tutors and Curators; of Contracts of Marriage; of Bills of Diligence; of Bonds; of Receipts and Discharges; of Petitions, or Summary applications to Judges, with Interlocutors thereon, and Enactments in consequence thereof; of Proceedings before Inferior Courts; of the Admissibility or Inadmissibility of Witnesses, with Report of Act and Commission; of Feu Contracts; Conveyance thereto, and Charters by Proxies thereon.

To which is added, a Table of Stamp-duties, and Fees taken in Sheriff and Stewart Courts in civil causes.

This Book has been approved of by the best judges, and it is thought will be exceedingly useful, especially in the Country.

This day is published,

By ELPHINSTON BALFOUR.

Price in boards 8 s. adorned with plates, and a fine head of Lord Rolleston.

TRANSACTIONS

Of the SOCIETY instituted at LONDON, for the Encouragement of Arts, Manufactures, and Commerce; with the premiums offered in 1783, and 1784.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

At the above Shop may also be had the following New Books:

Bergman's Physick and Chemical Essays, 2 vols.
Essays on Rhetoric, abridged from Dr Blair's Lectures.
Bergman's Outlines of Mineralogy.
Bergman's Scingaphia Regni Mineralis.
Linnaeus's System of Vegetables.
Kirvan's Elements of Mineralogy.
Les Veilleux du Chateaux, ou cours de Morals, a l'usage des Enfans, par Mad. Gentes, 3 vols.
Spallanzani's Dissertations, relative to the Natural History of Animals and Vegetables, 2 vols.
Also, all the Books proper for the different Classes in the University.

TALLOW CANDLES FOR SALE.

GEORGE RAE, Licensed Tallow-Chandler, at his shop middle of Leith Wynd, Canongate, Edinburgh, continues to make and sell Mould & Dipt Candles of all kinds, at the following prices, for ready money,

Mould Candles, 11 s. 4 d. per stone, 8 s. 4 d. per lb.
Dipt Cotton ditto, 10 s. 8 d. per ditto, 8 s. 4 d. per lb.
Common ditto, 9 s. 4 d. per ditto, 7 d. per lb.

N. B. As the advertiser makes use of no Russia nor foreign Tallow of any kind, but of the Tallow manufactured by himself, he hopes the public will find, upon trial, that his Candles are superior to none.

Commissions carefully attended to.

SPIRITS AND WINES.

WALTER AITCHISON at his Warehouse, opposite the well, foot of Lawnmarket, (south side,) Edinburgh,

Begs leave to inform his friends and the Public, that he has on hand an excellent assortment of SPIRITS and WINES; prices as under, viz.

per Gallon.	per Gallon.
Best Double Rum, at 9 s.	Holland's Gin, at 7 s.
Good Ditto, 8 s. 6 d.	Good Ditto, 5 s. 4 d.
Single Ditto, 5 s. 6 d.	Real Proof Whisky, 5 s. 10 s.
Brandy, 8 s.	Good Ditto, 3 s. 8 d.
Ditto, 6 s.	Cinnamon, 6 s.

Fine old Port Wine, 20 s. a dozen, with bottles.

Sherry Wine, 20 s. ditto, with ditto.

TEAS, SUGARS, &c. on the lowest terms of any in town.

W. AITCHISON also sells in wholesale, best BLUE & FRENCH STARCH, fit for manufactories, being equally good with any made in London.

BING'S incomparable improved beautifying CAKES and BALLS FOR MAKING SHINING LIQUID

For Carriages, Seden Chairs, Shoes, Boots, &c.

ARE now universally and justly allowed, by the best judges, to take precedence of all other blacking cakes or balls extant, without exception—giving to the leather a beautiful black jet shining gloss beyond conception, and rendering it remarkably durable, soft, smooth, and pliable, and preventing it from cracking to the last—do not soil a white stocking, if even rubbed thereon—may be used in their substance, or made into liquid—are free from smell, and will keep any length of time in any climate, and consequently very convenient for travelling; and notwithstanding their superior elegance and efficacy, will not cost above one halfpenny per week to the wearer, and will be a saving in the washing of stockings far beyond the amount of the blacking in the year.

Sold, by appointment, wholesale and retail, at Smith's, hairdresser and perfumer, Bridge Street, and D. Smith, grocer, St Andrew's Street, New-Town, Edinburgh; at Mr Swanston's, grocer, Tron-gate, and Mr Whitlaw, hairdresser and perfumer, Glasgow; And in retail by Mr Murray, perfumer, Perth; Mr Hill, grocer, Dundee; Mr Tod, Arbroath; Mr Anderson, perfumer, Aberdeen; and by the principal perfumers, grocers, &c. in England and Scotland.—Price of the small cakes and balls, 6 d.—of the large, 1 s. each.

Also, BING'S Beautifying Cakes for Carriages, of a superior quality, not inferior to vernish, at 2 s. 6 d. and 1 s. each. The large cake will make six pints of shining liquid, which will keep any length of time, and will not cost above a penny per pint for a carriage. One blacking will withstand any weather for a week, being more durable, and a greater preservative of the leather, than any other blacking ever known.

To prevent counterfeits, each cake is stamped, and has a copper-plate label, with the proprietor's name and place of abode.



From the LONDON GAZETTE, Nov. 9.
St James's, Nov. 10.

THIS day the Baron de Lynden, Envoy Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary from the States General, had a private audience of his Majesty to deliver his credentials. To which he was introduced by the Marquis of Carmarthen, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for foreign affairs, and conducted by Stephen Cottrell, Esq; Assistant Master of the Ceremonies.

Whitehall, Nov. 13.

The King has been pleased to appoint the Right Honourable Lord Howard de Walden to be his Majesty's Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum of the county of Essex.

Brussels, November 8. Accounts have been received here, that last night the Dutch broke one of their dykes near Lillo, by which several persons were drowned. They attempted to break a second, but were prevented by the Imperial troops. This event has spread an alarm at Ostend, and has occasioned an extraordinary diligence in completing the works on the rampart there.

London, November 9.

Yesterday Richard Clark, Esq; Lord Mayor Elect for the year ensuing, was sworn at Guildhall; when the chair and other ensigns of Mayoralty were surrendered to him in the accustomed manner.

This day the new Lord Mayor, accompanied by the late Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Sheriffs, in their scarlet gowns, went in their coaches to the water-side, the sword and mace being carried before them, and the city officers attending; and from thence proceeded in the city barge, attended by the several companies in their respective barges, adorned with streamers and pendants, to Westminster; and having walked round the Hall, and solemnly saluted all the Courts, they went to the Exchequer bar, and the new Lord Mayor did there take the oaths appointed; and having recorded warrants of attorney in the proper Courts, returned by water to Black Fryars, and from thence in coaches with the usual solemnity to Guildhall, where a magnificent entertainment was provided; at which were present some of the great officers of state, divers of the nobility, Lords of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, the judges, and many other persons of quality and distinction.

Dublin Castle, November 6.

Letters patent have been passed, under the Great Seal of Ireland, appointing John Geoghegan, Esq; to be Accountant-General of his Majesty's Court of Exchequer in this kingdom.

War-Office, Nov. 13, 1784.

Royal Regiment of Horse Guards, John Armytage, Gent. is appointed to be Cornet, vice Lewis Henry Scipio Dufosse.

Coldstream Regiment of Foot Guards, Solomon Henry Darell, Gent. to be Ensign, vice John Bridgeman.

29th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant William Tingley, from half-pay in the 29th regiment, to be Lieutenant, vice Thomas Hill.

31st Regiment of foot, Edward Butler, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Benjamin Burdett.

58th Regiment of foot, Arthur Cary, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Thomas Kirwan.

9th Regiment of foot, Alexander Duff, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Francis Love Beckford.

34th Regiment of foot, Ensign Walsingham Greiley to be Lieutenant, vice Ralph Gore.

100th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Henry Addison, of 58th regiment, to be Captain of a company, vice Lionel Smyth.

[The Gazette likewise contains a proclamation from the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland proroguing the Parliament of that kingdom to Tuesday the 14th of December next.]

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, Nov. 12.

The Druid man of war, arrived at Plymouth from a cruise, has brought in the Ann and Elizabeth, a cutter from Guernsey, laden with spirits.

The La Ville de Bruxelles, Van Net, from Dunkirk to Sunderland, is totally lost in the Channel.

From the London Papers, Nov. 13.

Naples, Oct. 6. The earth is not yet without commotion at Calabria Ultraior; on the 12th of last month, there was another shock of an earthquake, which proved very terrible; it greatly damaged the houses lately rebuilt; some were swallowed up, and several persons were buried in the ruins.

Bobeme, Oct. 9. The Emperor, before leaving this place, gave orders to several officers of the Corps de Genie, to visit the environs of Egra, and choose a piece of ground most proper to erect a fortress which might cover that of Egra.

L O N D O N.

By the Dutch mails, which arrived late yesterday evening, we have received the following circular letter, sent by his Imperial Majesty to all his Ministers in foreign Courts, and which may, as it were, be looked upon as the lightning that precedes the thundering manifesto which the Dutch daily expect from the Court of Vienna. The letter alluded to is dated October 24, 1784.

"You are not ignorant of the origin and cause of the differences which have lately arisen between the Emperor and the Republic; the grievances, and the best founded pretensions which his Imperial Majesty has long had a right to lay to the charge of the States General; the offer, which, notwithstanding those just causes of complaint his said Majesty has made to the Republic, of settling matters, in an amicable way, for which purpose conferences were opened at Brussels; and, in fine, an ultimatum consequentially delivered to the said States, with a view of shortening the negotiations.

"By the evasions and violations of the treaties which the Dutch have not scrupled to be guilty of, on every occasion that they deemed favourable, the shutting up of the Scheldt has been for a long time a servitude no ways binding for the Austrian Netherlands; and the general complexion of affairs in Europe been greatly altered from what it was at the conclusion of the treaty of Munster, it appears manifestly that the provision made in the said treaty, concerning the Scheldt, is truly no object at present.

"Notwithstanding all this, the Emperor has ever shewn a disposition to enter into an amicable composition with the Republic, even by giving up his most important and best founded pretensions; but the more his Imperial Majesty has betrayed his readiness for an accommodation, the less has he discovered any corresponding inclination on the part of the States General. Nay, endeavours have been used to lay obstacles in the way of the negotiations then on foot; to which end they have tried to maintain and support a demand, to which, from their going against the treaties, it was well known they had not any lawful rights.

"In order to overthrow the prejudice which the States General intended thus to establish against the incontestable rights of his Imperial Majesty, and to leave no doubt of his invariable determination to abide by the proposition contained in his

ultimatum: His Majesty could not but resolve to send to sea from Antwerp, a vessel under Imperial colours, after his often repeating what construction he would put upon any violence that they might dare to offer to the free passage of the afore-said ship.

"The account hereunto adjoined contains a detail of the manner in which the Dutch have taken the unwarrantable liberty of insulting the Imperial flag, instead of a formal representation of expostulating in favour of their pretended rights. His Imperial Majesty, therefore, cannot but consider this infraction as an effective declaration of war on the part of the Republic.

"In consequence thereof his Imperial Majesty has already recalled Baron Reischach, who had been hitherto his Minister at the Hague, with a positive order to quit the territories of the Republic, without taking leave of the States-General. Every step has been taken to assemble without delay in the Netherlands an army of 80,000 Imperialists, which his Majesty proposes to increase as occasion may require.

"The Emperor flatters himself, that his measures will be considered by every impartial state in Europe, as the natural consequence of so evident an hostile attack, and of a fact by which his dignity has been so materially injured. You will take care, Sir, to explain matters as occasion may serve, according to the foregoing exposition."

We shall give, *per contra*, the paper delivered by the Dutch Ministers at Brussels to Comte Belgiojoso.

"The Ministers Plenipotentiary of the republic of the United Provinces, having received from his Excellency Comte Belgiojoso, his Imperial Majesty's orders, signifying, that by the conduct which his said Majesty files an insult offered to his flag, the Republic is supposed to have begun hostilities, in consequence of which Baron Reischach has been recalled; the said Dutch Ministers beg leave most forcibly to insist on the declaration delivered by them to his Excellency Comte Belgiojoso, on the part of the States; that the latter protesting, that as their sole aim was to support their incontestable right, they cannot be suspected of any hostile aggression, which is the less to be laid to their charge, that they positively declared not to stand any ways answerable for the consequences that may ensue from the particular construction which his Imperial Majesty may be pleased to put upon the affair.

"The Republic, far from being considered in the light of a power having acted offensively, still persist in their peaceable disposition: but if, unfortunately, such dispositions can have no influence on the mind of his Imperial Majesty, though the States still preserve some hopes to the contrary, the Republic will find itself in the disagreeable necessity of having recourse to such means as the right of nature and nations entitles it to; hoping that divine providence, and the applauding voice of the neutral powers, will assist in maintaining the Republic in the just defence of its dearest rights.

Given at Brussels, October 30, 1784.

Signed BARON HOP.

W. A. LESTAVENON.

P. VAN LEYDE.

P. E. VAN DE PERRE.

Extract of a letter from Altona, Nov. 5.

"This day we had the certain news, that the Emperor has declared war against the Dutch."

The following article is in the ANTWERP GAZETTE of the 9th instant.

"We have received here advice, that the garrisons of Forts Lillo, Frederick-Henry, and Knutschant, made, in the night between the 6th and 7th instant, a secret invasion on the territories of his Imperial Majesty, and that they afterwards broke down the dykes of the Polders, in its environs, to inundate them; during this time, and the darkness of the night, the cannon of the forts were fired, as well as those of the ships of war near Saftingim. The van-guard of the Imperial troops put themselves under arms, and succeeded in stopping this invasion.

"This intelligence was immediately reported to the Prince de Ligne, who marched a part of the garrison of that city. He set out towards midnight, and gave his orders to the advanced posts as far as Zandvliet and Old Lillo; the Dutch returned back to their forts, after some mutual exchanges of shot on both sides; and this troops, with the Prince, returned hither on the 7th. No person was either killed or wounded; but (adds the said Gazette) new lights are obtained of the hostile aggressions on the part of the Republic."

By a letter from Dunkirk, received yesterday morning, by a gentleman in the city, we are assured, that advices had been received in that city, of an action having lately taken place between the Imperial and Dutch forces. The latter, in attempting to erect some new works at Fort Lillo, were attacked by a body of the Emperor's troops; but they were repulsed, and retired with the loss of seven men killed and thirteen wounded.

A rumour was spread on Wednesday of an account having been received, that the Emperor declared war against the Dutch on the 30th ult. at Brussels; but letters from that place of the 31st ult. take no notice of any such event.

It is confidently asserted, that an express arrived yesterday to government from Paris, with advice that a change has taken place in the French ministry, in consequence of which, Mons. de Vergennes is out, and Cardinal Bernis appointed in his room. The abilities of the former are allowed to be greatly superior to those of the latter.

An express is preparing at the East India House to be sent out to Bengal by the Osterly East-Indianman. The packet is to contain among other articles the late resolution of the Court of Directors, in respect to returning thanks to Mr Hastings for his upright and wise administration of affairs in India; and that the Court do, now that peace with the several country powers is confirmed, and Mr Hastings's system for the future government of India firmly established, accept of and receive his resignation of the Governor Generalship of India, wishing him health, and a safe return to his native country. Mr Hastings is expected to come home over land to Persia, by way of Bombay and Suez, the Governor General having resolved on a formal leave of the Court of Delhi, and some of the country Princes with whom he has been upon a footing of the sincerest friendship, consolidated by a mutual exchange of kind offices.

Lord Howe, during his visit lately at Chatham, granted the petition of the shipwrights relative to indentured servants, by ordering that 150 of the oldest shipwrights be allowed to take an apprentice, on condition that the whole of such apprentices time be fully served out in one or other of the King's yards. If this practice is extended, it will be a means of keeping up a body of artificers.

HORSE GUARDS.

COURT MARTIAL.

As soon as the Members were assembled yesterday morning, his Grace the Duke of Richmond came forward, and, in a written speech, prayed the protection of the Court from the misrepresentations of the proceedings that appeared in some of the papers. He said he had been loaded with abuse ever since it became known that he had applied for a Court Martial; yet he disdained to take notice of the groundless accusations of dark assassins; but he hoped the Court would not permit their proceedings to be laid before the public to his prejudice. This occasioned the strangers to be ordered out, and after half an hour's consultation the Court was opened. The Judge Advocate then addressed the auditors, and hoped that no report of the evidence would be given in the papers; as the witnesses were to be examined apart, it was necessary, for the sake of justice, that their testimony should not be published. Colonel Debeigne then began his defence, which he read, and delivered into the Court. The Colonel was better than an hour before he finished. His defence was exceedingly well composed, both as to argument and style. He made many shrewd remarks upon the warrant, and clearly stated the grievance the Engineers had to complain of. He insisted that his letters were of a private nature, and should not be made the subject of a public enquiry; upon this he reasoned for some time with great acuteness, contending, that the Duke did not officially communicate the warrant to him; and that he drew his opinion from him, and continued the correspondence for about two months after he had received his first letter. He took notice of Gen. Braham's delivering his letters to the Duke, which he said the General kept through friendship while they were incapable of doing him any injury; but the moment he found they were likely to operate against him, he gave them to his Grace the Duke of Richmond. Having finished his observations, he proceeded to produce evidence; and as the evidence only went to his character, and had not been cross examined, no possible mischief can arise from relating the opinions that were given. The Colonel produced a letter which he had received from Lord Shelburne, fully expressing his opinion of the Colonel, and excusing his not being able to attend; but the Colonel was not permitted to read the letter as evidence. He then declined calling the officers who held the civil departments in the state, with whom he was connected in business as an engineer. He then called General Conway, Sir Guy Carleton, Lord Amherst, Gen. Murray, and Colonel Barre to his character and behaviour, all of whom spoke highly in his favour; and many of them, when appointed to foreign service, had applied to have Colonel Debeigne as their engineer. Col. Barre said, that he knew the late General Wolfe had the highest opinion of the Colonel's abilities as an officer, and had a very great esteem for him. The Colonel here closed his defence. The Duke of Richmond replied, and made several observations upon the Colonel's defence. He disclaimed having any design to acquire an improper or dangerous degree of power; and insisted, that the letters he received from the Colonel were of a public nature.

He declared he was compelled to bring the Colonel to a Court-Martial in his own vindication. He took notice of several other parts of the defence. He acknowledged his great merit and good services, but thought they were no justification of an inferior officer treating his superior with disrespect. An altercation took place about a letter the Colonel produced, to prove that the 25 s. a-day he had allowed him upon the staff was for past services. After this point was adjusted, the business of the Court closed; and the members have now nothing more to do than to deliberate upon their sentence.

Wednesday, was argued, in the Court of Exchequer, the rule obtained last term by Commodore Johnstone, to show cause why the action brought against him by Captain Sutton should not be tried at the bar of the Court. After hearing counsel on both sides, the Court were of opinion, that as a new trial had been ordered, there did not seem to be those difficulties that rendered a trial at bar necessary; the rule of course was discharged.

Yesterday, was held, in the Old Bailey, the session of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, for the trial of offences committed on the High Seas, within the jurisdiction of the Admiralty of England, before the Right Honourable Lord Loughborough, Mr Justice Heath, and Sir James Mansfield, Judge of the Admiralty Court.

Samuel Harris and John North were indicted for that they, in company with six other persons whose names are unknown, on the 30th of April last, on the high seas near Deal, fired into a boat belonging to his Majesty's cutter the Nimble, under the command of Lieut. Bray, and killed John M'Near, one of the seamen on board the said cutter.

Lieutenant Bray was the first witness examined. From his testimony it appeared, that on the 30th of April last, about half past eight in the evening, (it being moon-light) they saw a vessel at some distance, which appeared to be a lugger. Mr Bray immediately ordered all his people upon deck, and manned two boats, in order to discover what vessel she was. Upon coming near, Mr Bray hailed her; the lugger's people then enquired who he was, and what he wanted? And upon his telling them his name, and the vessel he belonged to, they swore at him in a violent manner, and immediately fired a volley of small shot into the boat where Mr Bray was; when a ball penetrating the right breast of John M'Near, he instantly died.

Mr Bray returned the fire, and immediately, with eight or nine men, boarded the lugger. A violent skirmish ensued, in which all the smugglers (except Harris and North) were either killed, or so much wounded as to survive but a short time. Two or three of them died while their wounds were dressing. Upon examining the prisoners, they pretended that they were only passengers; but upon searching their pockets a quantity of musket balls, cartridges, &c. were found in the pockets of Harris; and North took an opportunity of jumping overboard, and swam towards the shore: He was, however, presently secured. There could be no doubt of their having fired, as there were but eight persons on board, and five pieces were seen to go off, and two or three others flashed in the pan. The vessel has been since condemned. She was armed with blunderbusses and musketoons.

James Laney, Thomas Greet, and Dennis Hennessy, confirmed the evidence of Lieutenant Bray.

Mr John Ruffel, surgeon, spoke only as to the certainty of the wound being the cause of M'Near's death. Two other persons of the Nimble's crew were slightly wounded.

The Jury, after being out of Court for about ten minutes

brought both the prisoners in guilty, and they immediately received sentence of death, and were accordingly hanged at Execution Dock this morning.

A very extraordinary and unfortunate affair happened the 20th of October last, at the theatre of Mr Nicolet, at Paris: Two performers, in the course of the play, had occasion to fight a duel, when accidentally the end of one of the player's swords or foil broke, and immediately entered (by the force of the opponent's thrust) the heart of the other tragedian, and killed him on the spot. We mention this affair in hopes that the performers of both our theatres may be upon their guard, lest a similar accident should happen to them; for it is not long since Mr Palmer had nearly suffered the same fate, by Mrs Crawford, in the character of Euphrasia.

Chatham, Nov. 12. This morning died here, James Orok, Esq; a captain in the Royal Navy. This gentleman commanded the Conquistadore at the Nile, during the greatest part of the late war; and, after he was broke up here, he commanded the Prince Edward at the same place.

PRICE OF STOCKS, Nov. 13.

Bank Stock, —	India Stock, —
5 per cent. Stock, 87½	3 per cent. Ann. —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777 69½ a 70.	India Bonds paid, —
3 per cent. con. 54½ a 55.	Ditto unpaid, —
3 per cent. red. 54.	Exchequer Bills, —
3 per cent. 1726, —	Navy Bills, 17½ disc.
Long Ann. 16½ a 13-16ths.	3 per cent. Scrip. 54½
Short Ann. 1778, 12.	4 per cent. Scrip. —
South Sea Stock, —	Omnium, —
3 per cent. Old Ann. —	Lottery Tickets, 15 l. 19 s. a 16 l.
Ditto New Ann. —	a 16 l. 2 s. 6 d.
Ditto 1751, —	

WIND AT DEAL, Nov. 12. W. S. W.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from Ely, Nov. 14.

"I have this instant returned to my house from beholding a scene in which every principle of humanity and compassion were called forth.

"The fishermen are an useful set of men, in general, but particularly so in this place, by acting in the capacity of pilots, and by whose attention and exertion many trading vessels have been brought into our port in safety, that otherwise, in all human probability, would have perished. Last Friday, four of them were employed in that service; and, by some unlucky circumstance, as they were boarding a vessel, their boat filled with water, and instantly sunk.

"The unhappy men clung to the oars that floated on the surface of the sea; but before any assistance could be given them, two of their number disappeared. The other two were brought on shore, one of whom expired a few minutes afterwards.

"Next day, the bodies of the others were found; and it was attending the funeral of these three men that I experienced so distressing a scene. I saw the husband and the father of a disconsolate widow, almost at the same instant, lifted from her door, while seven helpless children, from twelve years of age downwards, were clinging round the mother in all the agony of grief! The other corpse was also a near connection of theirs; and, as they are very poor, I trust a generous collection will be made for them, that the dread of starving may not be added to the other calamities that it has pleased the Almighty to visit them with."

On Tuesday the 9th instant, died at Crichton, John Burnet, Esq; of Dens, justly and very generally regretted.

Died at Bath, on Wednesday the 3d current, James Schaw, Esq; of Preston.

Mrs Helen Watson, daughter of the late Alexander Watson of Athernie, died at Balcormo the 16th instant. It is hoped that her relations and acquaintances will accept of this as a sufficient notification.

John Simpson, Esq; late of the province of Georgia, died at his house in George's Square this forenoon.

From the last great crop of every kind of grain, and the uncommon good harvest to reap it and the potatoes, the price of provisions must fall; and we hear, from a gentleman who lately left Newry in Ireland, that oat-meal sold there about a shilling sterling per stone, and in many other parts at a penny sterling per pound. And a farmer, within two miles of Dumfries, informs us, that, from one peck of potatoes set last spring, he reaped seventy-nine measured pecks; and it is with pleasure we inform the public, that the last good crop and harvest has not been local, but universal in Scotland, England, and Ireland.

On Monday se'ennight, a gentleman was attacked on his way to Hamilton, by two fellows, one of whom presented a pistol, while the other held his horse, and demanded his money. Finding himself thus situated, he was about giving up his money, amounting to about 200 l. when his horse suddenly giving a spring, he took the opportunity of putting spurs to him, and got clear off.

On Saturday night, about half past eight o'clock, near the toll bar at the end of the New Bridge, Glasgow, a gentleman was robbed of his watch and money by two men, seemingly soldiers, one of whom held a pistol to his breast, and the other a bludgeon over his head, while robbing him.

On Saturday morning, William Steven, sen. and his son David, were apprehended in a cot-house at the Meadows, and brought in under a large party of the military to Glasgow, and committed to prison, on suspicion of being concerned in the murder of Thomas Morton, mentioned in our paper of Saturday. Other two of his sons are not yet apprehended.

On Sunday, four men were also brought into Glasgow under a strong guard, on suspicion of being concerned with the above; but, upon examination, two of them were liberated, and the other two committed to prison for further examination.

Accounts from America mention some differences subsisting between some of the provinces, particularly with Pennsylvania and Connecticut, where some little forts have been taken and retaken on both sides. The American newspapers have been enjoined to take no notice of these misunderstandings.

The new window-tax is growing daily more obnoxious; many windows have been shut up in London, and over the whole kingdom. The equivalent held out in the price of teas is not like to answer the public expectation. The third sale of tea now going on has, like the two former, run high; the act must therefore be amended, as well as some of the others passed last session, otherwise the public will be greatly dissatisfied.

Government is determined to enforce payment of the new taxes, and make them as productive as possible. Their provincial officers, it is said, have received orders to use the ut-

most diligence in prosecuting to conviction those who are found inclined to evasion.

The Ocean, Moore, from Jamaica, with sugar and rum, and the Molly and Betsy, M'Intosh, from Philadelphia, with tar, pitch, and staves, are arrived in Clyde.

By the determination of the Sheriff of Lanark the prices of middling British grain appear thus:

Wheat, —	2 l. 9 s. 2 d. per quarter.
Pease and Beans, —	1 l. 12 s. 4 d. per ditto.
Barley and Bear, —	1 l. 4 s. 3 d. per ditto.
Oats, —	1 l. 1 s. 7 d. per ditto.
Oatmeal, —	18 s. 6 d. per boll.

The determination for Dumbarton is not so explicit as could be wished: But by it Barley, Bear, Oats, and Oatmeal, are importable into that county on paying the low duties.

Wheat, Pease, and Beans are not so high as to permit their importation.

Rye, Big, and Rapeseed remain undetermined in both counties.

The Tickets and Shares in the British State Lottery, which begins drawing on Monday first, are selling, in variety of numbers, at WHITE and MITCHELL'S, opposite the Tron Church, Edinburgh, where all business respecting the Lottery is transacted by authority from Government, on account of Mess. RICHARDSON and GOODLUCK, London, (remarkable for selling the most capital Prizes) and no where else in Scotland on their account.

Extract of a letter from Dublin, Nov. 9.

"Yesterday, in the Court of King's Bench, an attachment was moved for against C. Lyfter, Esq; counsellor at law, who sat as chairman of a meeting of the freeholders of the town of Roscommon, on the 25th of September last, for the purpose of appointing delegates to represent them in the Congress held in Dublin, the 25th of last month; and against Ignatius Purcell, Esq; who acted as Secretary to that meeting. The Judges were pleased to allow the parties ten days to shew cause why such attachments should not be granted.—If similar proceedings should be carried on against all other chairmen and secretaries, acting upon the like occasions, they will afford a plentiful harvest of fees to many gentlemen of the long robe."

FOR THE CALEDONIAN MERCURY.

To the AUTHOR of VERSES on the CUPAR BALL.

THE Ladies at the Cupar Ball

Return their thanks to you, Sir,

For writing verses on them all,

So pretty and so true; Sir,

The muster-roll below your lines,

Of Ladies, Lords, and Squires,

In all the Scottish papers shines,

Nor 'till the reader fines.

The Beauties of the Banks of Tweed

Beg leave to thank you also,

For such a meeting, 'tis agreed,

Was ne'er before at Kells.

But they, alas! no poet had,

Who, mindful of his duty,

Should praise them all, both good and bad,

And cry up each one's beauty.

Therefore, dear Sir, pray, come in time

Next year to Kells come;

If you don't find a better theme,

You're sure you can't do worse.

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

S I R,

M R M'KENZIE, by the infirmity of years and bodily ailments, unable to give application to what must require thought and attention of mind, finds himself ill qualified to enter the lists, or even perhaps to attempt an answer, to the author of the paragraph in your paper of the 3d of November. But conscious of his own integrity, he begs leave to assure the public, that with accuracy, fidelity, and care, he executed the trust reposed in him, of carrying on a nautical survey, in consequence of instructions received from the Lords of Admiralty; in which he has pointed out the best tracts, and the proper anchorage, as far as necessary for the safety of shipping. And he submits the merit of his survey, the work of many years, upon the only proper test, the approbation of those alone who are most interested, and best qualified to judge—seamen, the masters of vessels of all kinds, who, after the continued use of the said surveys from ten to thirty years, have never once found fault, so far at least as has come to his knowledge.

On the contrary, as a proof of their accuracy, there has arisen amongst seamen, with regard to the use of these charts, a proverbial expression, which, in the circumstances he is in at present, authorizes him to repeat, That he who has M'Kenzie's charts, when navigating these coasts, needs no pilot.

At the same time, if any rock or shoal has happened to escape Mr M'Kenzie's most laborious search and aliduous enquiry, (which is far from being impossible) Mr M'Kenzie thinks he has a right, in justice to the public who employed him, and for the general interest of mankind, exclusive of any consideration for himself, to call upon Dr Anderson, (who he believes to be the author of the paragraph) to condescend upon those errors and neglects, which may be dangerous to seamen who trust in those charts, and which, it is pretended, that Dr Anderson has discovered, in order that those corrections, if found just, may be inserted in the draughts, for the purpose of any future publication.

To the Printer of the Caledonian Mercury.

S I R,

I HAVE observed in your paper an advertisement from the Stamp-office, about the registering of Births, Burials, and Marriages, which I conceived might affect me; and not wishing to incur any penalty, I bought an abstract of the Act of Parliament which imposes the duty. Not satisfied with the explanation there given, I have conferred with some of my brethren Schoolmasters, but am not yet a whit the wiser. I must, therefore, beg leave, through the channel of your paper, for my own behoof, and that of many others, to ask information concerning the following particulars.

1st, The abstract mentions, "Parsons, Vicars, and other persons having authority to make entries of Burials," &c. And the late advertisement threatens to prosecute "Keepers of Registers."—To whom in Scotland does this description apply? Are Schoolmasters ex-officio Keepers of Registers? If they are not, who elects or appoints such Keepers?

2dly, Is there any obligation on parishes to keep such Registers, and on the parishioners to enter therein Births, Marriages, and Burials?—I keep only a Register of Baptisms, and only enter such as demand and pay for it.—Can they be compelled, and how?

3dly, For my trouble I am paid a trifle, and the trifle varies almost in every parish. Is there any sum fixed for this Registration? Does the three-pence payable to Government come in place of all former fees? Or is it an additional duty on the lieges?

4thly, Both the abstract and the advertisement speak of Stamp Registers, or getting licenses.—Is this done gratis? Or must we pay for our stamps or our licenses out of our two shillings in the pound? If we pay, what is the sum?

5thly, The advertisement requires those who keep Registers to find "security for the payment of the duty" before licenses are granted. What is the consequence if I, or any other, cannot find security? Must we cease to keep the usual parish Registers?

6thly, Are books stamped and licenses granted to any person who applies, without any document or attestation of his being in life or appointed to keep a parish Register? If not, what are the credentials required?

In short, Mr Printer, I wish to keep the law, but am in the situation of many others who really know not how to act. And it would be a most friendly service to us Schoolmasters in general, if the Stamp-office, or any body who knows the law, would take the trouble to inform us

I am, &c.

A COUNTRY SCHOOLMASTER.

SOUND SHIPPING.

PASSED THE SOUND.

On 31. Aug. of and for Leith, Kid, from Kensington, with grain. Eliza of and for Leith, Samson, from Dantzick, with wheat. John and Janet of and for Alloa, Miller, from Dantzick, with plank. Neptune of and for Dyfart, Mitchell, from Memel, with timber. Two Brothers of and for Arbroath, Spink, from Memel, with ditto. Speedwell of and for Leith, Ramage, from Memel, with ditto. Elizabeth of and for Leith, Henderson, from Koenigsberg, with grain. ELGINORE, Nov. 2. Wind S. W. WALTER WOOD.

ORKNEY SHIPPING.

Sailed from Stromness, Nov. 4.

The Jean of Hall, Bain, from Leith, for Eldale, in ballast. The Dantzick of and for Liverpool, M'Innes, from Bergen, with stock-fish and dales. The Wells of and for Whitehaven, Reddy, from Memel, with logs. The Flora of Workington, Robison, from Dantzick, for Belfast, with potatoes. The Isabella of and for Dublin, Robison, from Memel, with logs. The Beggars Benison of Portofy, Watson, from Bellyholish, for Leith, with flates. The Duchess of Buccleugh, Pottinger, from Shetland, for Alicant, with salt-fish.

Remain.

The Good Intent of and for Leith, Howison, from Barra, with kelp. The Barbara of and for Leith, Bongall, from Cullen, with kelp. ARRIVED AT LEITH.—Nov. 16. Margaret, Higgins, from Alloa, with whisky; William and Mary, Jickling, from Brankwater, with grain; John and Betty, Wilson, from Ayr, with potatoes.

ENGLISH APPLES.

JUST arrived, after a short passage, a Cargo of exceeding fine APPLES, of sundry kinds, both for table and baking, viz.

Golden Pippins,

Golden Renets,

Cretain Pippins,

Nonpareils,

Pearmaines,

Russets.

Also, a Parcel of excellent PEARS, filling in a list middle of Rottenrow, Leith.

N. B. Retailers may depend on the above fruit being superior in quality to any that has come to this country.

Orders addressed to JOHN COLSTON merchant, Cross, Edinburgh, shall be carefully attended to.

HOPS.

JUST arrived, and for sale, at the ware-house of WILLIAM DOUGLAS, Quality Street, Leith, a Large Parcel of Very Fine New KENTISH HOPS, in bags and pockets.

By the Right Honourable the Lord Provost, the Magistrates, and Council of the City of Edinburgh.

WHEREAS all the Acts of Council, granting Feus in the extended Royalty, bear that the FEUARS, before they begin to BUILD, shall produce an elevation of their intended Buildings, that the Council may approve or disapprove of the same; and as many of the Builders have neglected to comply with this regulation, which has often been productive of disagreeable consequences to the builders themselves; the Council, therefore, by Act the fifteenth day of September 1st, ordered Thomas Stevenson, the City's Overseer, when he sees a foundation digging out, to require of the builder a sight of the elevation, with an extract of the Act of Council approving thereof, and, upon refusal, to apply to the Dean of Guild, to stop the operations till such time as they are produced. And appointed the same to be inserted in the Edinburgh news papers.

N.B. Printed copies of the above Act and former Acts of Council regulating buildings within the extended Royalty, may be had of William Forbes, writer, at the City Clerks Office.

By the Right Honourable the Lord Provost, and Magistrates, of the City of Edinburgh.

WHEREAS, for a considerable time past, numbers of VAGRANT BEGGARS do daily resort to and frequent this City and Liberties, which is a great nuisance, and has been often and justly complained of by the Inhabitants, who on all occasions generously contribute for the support of the poor.—This is to give notice, that the Magistrates are resolved to put the laws against Beggars and Vagrants vigorously in execution, and have provided a House of Correction for that purpose, in one of the vaults below the Bridge, over the North Loch; and do give this warning, to all Beggars and Vagrants, that every one of them who shall be seen begging or strolling within this City or Liberties, after Wednesday the 1st day of December next, will be apprehended, confined at hard labour, and otherwise punished in terms of law, and fed on bread and water only.

All persons whomsoever, who shall obstruct the City Guard soldiers and others when employed in seizing such Beggars and Vagrants, shall be prosecuted and punished with the utmost rigour.

For Peterhead and Shetland.

The Sloop THREE FRIENDS,

JAMES CREAR Master.

Now lying in the Harbour of Leith, taking in goods for Peterhead and Shetland, and will be clear to sail upon the 22d November 1784, to be depended on.

For freight or passage, apply to John Watson merchant, Leith, or the master on board.



From Leghorn, to Leith and Carron,

THE JANE OF DUNBAR,

JAMES MUIR Master.

A New Vessel and a fast sailer, is now on her passage to Leghorn, being loaded with fish, will meet with dispatch.

Merchants wishing to have goods on freight from that port to Leith or Carron will please give orders to their correspondents at Leghorn, to ship them at the current freight, when the vessel loads. The ship will be under the direction of Mr William Orr merchant at Leghorn, who will treat for the freight, &c.

Such as intend to ship will please also acquaint Mr John Beattie at Leith of the tonnage they order.



FOR LONDON, THE CONCORD; ROBERT PORTEOUS Master,

Now lying in Leith harbour, taking in goods, and sails the 20th November, to be depended on.

To be Sold by public roup, at the house of Mrs Haig vintner in Alloa, on Wednesday the 8th of December next, at twelve o'clock noon,

The Brigantine JEAN,

Burthen about 170 tons or thereby, with her Float Boat, and other furniture, as she now lies in the harbour of Alloa. This vessel is well found in every respect, sails remarkably fast, and is fit either for the Baltic, or other foreign trade.

Also, at same time and place,

The Brigantine LADY MAR, burthen 100 tons or thereby, with her Float Boat, furniture, &c. now lying in said harbour. This vessel is fit either for the coasting or foreign trade. Likewise, a small quantity of Oak, Timber, and Fir Plank.

Inventories of both vessels to be seen at Mrs Nuccoll's, Alloa; Messrs White and Fraser, Leith; and at Mr Alexander Stephen's, Glasgow.

SALE of LANDS

ON THE BANKS OF THE TAY, NEAR PERTH.

UPON Thursday the 9th day of December 1784, at twelve of the clock forenoon, there will be exposed to public roup and sale, within the Town-house of Perth,

That Croft of Land, commonly called the TAFLETTS, belonging to the community of the burgh of Perth, consisting of about five Scots acres, lying near to the said burgh, within the parish of Kinnoull, and shire of Perth. The ground is most pleasantly situated upon the east banks of the Tay, and has a small declivity towards the river, and lies at the north end of the village of Bridgend, on the west side of the road leading from Perth bridge towards Scone, and is fenced along that road by a stone and lime wall. It commands a beautiful prospect to the west end of the town, the North Inch, the river, and bridge. There is a house also upon it, and a number of fruit-trees, of good kinds, planted some years ago, with a view to converting the land into garden ground.

The articles of roup, and conditions of sale, may be seen in the hands of Patrick Miller, one of the town-clerks, any time before the roup.

Judicial Sale of Factory Subjects in Glasgow.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 8th of December next, betwixt the hours of four and five o'clock afternoon,

The Whole HOUSES and AREA, lately possessed by Messrs. Ayton, Blackburn, and Colvill, partners of the Haerlen Linen and Dying Manufactories, and extremely well adapted for carrying on business of that kind, comprehending the dwelling house possessed by Mr William Gardner, with the Warehouses, Yarn-room, Heckling-house, Weaving and Dying Factories, &c.—The Stable, Hay-loft, and Cellars, which were formerly possessed, along with the Dwelling-house, which belonged to the deceased Andrew Ayton, late merchant in Glasgow, are to be sold along with these factory subjects.—And, the upset price of the whole is to be 688 l. Sterling.

The articles of roup may be seen in the office of Mr George Kirkpatrick, Depute-clerk of Session; and any other information may be got, by applying to William Dick, writer to the signet, or Claud Marshall, writer in Glasgow.

BY ADJOURNMENT. JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, upon Friday the 26th of November 1784, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon,

The Fifty Shilling Land of LARLANGLEY,

alias MEIKLE LARG, or MABIES LARG, with the teinds and pertinents thereof, lying within the half barony of Urr, parish thereof, and stewartry of Kirkcubright, the yearly rent whereof, free of all deductions, is proven to be 51 l. 13 s. and the upset price is fixed by the Lords at twenty-three years purchase of the said free rent, being 1187 l. 19 s.

The lands hold of the family of Maxwell of Nithsdale for payment of 9 s. yearly of feu duty, and there is a complete right to the teinds.

The articles of roup, title-deeds, and a rental of the lands may be seen in the hands of Alexander Stevenson, depute clerk of session, or Hugh Corrie, writer to the signet.

SALE OF HOUSES,

In the Broad Wynd, Leith.

TO be Sold by public voluntary roup, in the Royal Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 30th of November 1784, betwixt the hours of twelve mid-day and one afternoon,

That TENEMENT of LAND on the North side of the Broad Wynd, Leith, lately built by the deceased Ebenezer Hanna, shipmaster in Leith, called HANNA'S LAND, consisting of three stories, with a large shop on the ground floor, and a cellar under said shop. Each flat of this tenement consists of two rooms and kitchen, with coal cellars and other conveniences, all fitted up in the neatest manner; they let remarkably well, and are presently possessed by good tenants, at 25 l. 14 s. Sterling of yearly rent.

The progress of writs, which is complete and clear, the rental, and articles of sale, are to be seen in the hands of Edward Bruce clerk to the signet, who will inform as to other particulars, and to whom any person inclining to make a private bargain may apply.

A HOUSE and SHOP in Edinburgh to SELL.

TO be sold by public roup, within the British Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the first of December 1784, betwixt five and six o'clock noon.

A DWELLING HOUSE, being the fourth flat, west side, of Gavinlock's land, Lawn-market, Edinburgh, consisting of three rooms and a kitchen, with a cellar, closets, and other conveniences, lately possessed by the deceased Mr Thomas Mutter, merchant in Edinburgh. The entry may be immediately; and if the House shall not be sold, it will be set for such space as can be agreed on.

Also to be SOLD, A SHOP fronting the High Street, opposite to the Luckenbooths, Edinburgh, possessed by Misses Stories, milliners. The entry thereto to be at Whitfunday next.

The key of the Dwelling-house is lodged with Mr Lamb upholsterer. Misses Stories will show the Shop. For further particulars, apply to Mr Archibald Tod, writer to the signet, Edinburgh, who has power to conclude a private bargain.

Exchequer Chambers, Edinburgh,

5th August, 1784.

WHEREAS, sometime in autumn 1778, Mr John Mitchell, officer of Exchequer, with the assistance of a party of the 80th regiment, made a seizure of a parcel of Wine, from Mrs Houghton and Son, at Ferrytown of Cree.—And whereas there was deposited in this Court, but afterwards given out on security, 217 l. 7 s. 3 d. part of the produce of said seizure, being the proportion allowed to soldiers for aiding and assisting the said Mr Mitchell in making of the said seizure.—And whereas Thomas Flatt, and several other privates of the said 80th regiment, have applied, by petition, to the Right Honourable the Barons, praying severally one seventeenth part of the said sum of 217 l. 7 s. 3 d. to be paid to them, as being of the party who assisted in making of the said seizure, the Barons ordered all persons having interest in the said sum, to appear and claim, on or before the 24th day of November next, as a distribution of the said money will take place soon after that day. And such persons as shall not appear and claim, will have themselves only to blame if they are cut out of their share of said money.

TO BE SOLD,

THE Lands and Barony of BARNTON and

KING'S CRAMOND, in the county of Mid Lothian, containing about six hundred acres, on which there is a capital mansion-house, with offices, gardens, and pasture-ground, laid out with taste.

The situation is most desirable, four miles from Edinburgh, in a rich, populous, well-cultivated country, commanding an extensive prospect of the sea and Frith of Forth, with many islands and much shipping, also of the towns and villages, and noblemen and gentlemen's seats along the coast of Lothian, and on the opposite coast of Fife, altogether forming a most beautiful and variegated landscape.

The House and Offices are large, commodious, and in complete repair, fit for the immediate reception of any nobleman or gentleman's family.

One of the largest islands in the Frith, with the oyster-shells and fishings around it, belongs to the estate.

For farther particulars, apply to John Farquharson, accountant in Edinburgh.

To be let and entered to immediately,

The House, Offices, and Garden of WHITEHOUSE. Apply to John Campbell writer to the signet.

If the estate of Barnton is not sold betwixt and Candlemas next, the House, Offices, Gardens, and Parks will also be LET. For further particulars, apply to the said John Campbell.

Sale of Lands in the Stewartry of Kirkcubright.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by auction, within John's Coffeehouse in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 24th day of November next, betwixt the hours of five and six in the afternoon,

The following PARTS of the LANDS and ESTATE belonging to Mr THOMSON of INGLETON, in the following Lots, viz.

LOT I.

The Lands of OVER and NEITHER TORRS of KELTON, and five Parks of the Lands of Causewayend, lying in the parish of Kelton; and the six-merk Land of CORRA, lying in the parish of Batle. The free rent of these lands at present, after deducting public burdens, is 370 l. 2 s. 9 d. 6-pence.

They will be exposed at the upset price of 8500 l. Sterling.

These lands are of a most excellent soil, contain plenty of marble, and lie within 16 measured miles of the town of Dumfries, and 10 miles of Kirkcubright, and upon the great military road between Dumfries and Port-Patrick.

The whole of these lands hold of the Crown, except Causewayend, which holds of a subject-superior blench; and there is an obligation in the feu-rights to enter the heirs of singular successors gratis.

The lands of Torrs alone will entitle the purchaser to a freehold qualification in the stewartry.

LOT II.

The Four-merk Land of MEIKLE GLEN and GLENEND, and the Three-merk Land of LITTLE GLEN, all lying in the parish of Kirkcubright.

The free yearly rent of these lands, after deducting public burdens, is 152 l. 6 s. 4 d. but it is well known in the country, that they will admit of a considerable rise.

There is a good house, of four rooms on a floor, with garden and office-houses on these lands.

The lands of Little Glen alone will entitle the purchaser to a freehold qualification in the stewartry, in consequence of an old retour; and the lands of Meikle Glen stand rated in the valuation books at 165 l.

The upset price of this lot will be 3800 l. Sterling.

LOT III.

The Eight-merk Lands of WHITESIDE and CALSIDE, with the teinds thereof, lying in the parish of Aulwith.

The present rent of these lands is 100 l. Sterling, and the tenants pay the whole public burdens. They are held blench of the Crown, and are rated in the valuation-books at 130 l.

This lot will be set up at 2000 l. Sterling, being only 20 years purchase of the present rent.

LOT IV.

The Lands of FALBAE, lying in the parish of Kirkcubright. The present free rent thereof is 24 l. Sterling; and they are returned to a merk land of old extent; and will be exposed at 520 l. Sterling.

Mr Adam Thomson, factor upon the estate, will show the lands.

For further particulars, persons desiring to purchase may apply to Francis and John Anderson writer to the signet; and Mr David Russell accountant in Edinburgh, has power to conclude a private bargain.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-House of Edinburgh, upon Friday the 26th day of November 1784, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

THE REMAINING SUBJECTS which pertained to the deceased William Hay of Crawfordston writer to the signet, and afterwards to James Hay of Crawfordston, his son, viz.

LOT I.

The Lands and Estate of CRAWFORDSTON, including Kilston, and Brattleston, Cleughside and Largmore, with the mills thereof, teinds at d pertinents, lying in the parish of Glencairn and shire of Dumfries; as also, the Lands of Little-Stewarton, lying in the same parish and shire.

The yearly rent of the estate of Crawfordston, free of all deductions, is proven to be 204 l. 18 s. 3 d. 7-pence; which the Lords have valued at twenty-two years purchase, or L. 4508 2 6 8-12ths.

The rent of the Lands of Little-Stewarton, after deducting School salary and a fifth part for teind, is proven to be 16 l. 11 s. 3 d. which the Lords have valued at 22 years purchase, or L. 364 7 6.

And the privilege of purchasing the free teind, being 3 l. 19 s. 9 d. is valued at 5 years purchase, or L. 19 18 9.

Upset price of 1st Lot, L. 4892 8 9 8-12ths.

These lands are pleasantly situated on the water of Cairn, within 14 miles of Dumfries, and 7 of Clovenburn limekilns; they contain upwards of 1600 acres of good soil, all inclosed; and there are valuable woods and thriving plantations on different parts of the estate. Both the estate of Crawfordston and Lands of Little-Stewarton are held of his Grace the Duke of Queensberry; the former for payment of 2 l. 10 d. Sterling, the latter for payment of an usufruct duty. The teinds of the former, to which there is a complete right, are valued. The valued rent of both subjects together is 954 merks.—On the estate of Crawfordston is a mansion-house adjoining the Tower, which might be repaired at a small expence; and the leases of all the farms expire at Whitfunday 1786.

LOT II.

THE SUPERIORITY of an Acre of Land, part of the lands called Newington or Cherryhall, and Feu-duties thereof, lying near the Grange toll, in the parish of St Cuthbert's, and shire of Edinburgh.—This Acre is feudout, one half to James Howieson, and the other to John Breckenrigg, for the yearly payment of 5 l. Sterling each; and deducting a proportion of the feu-duty of 5 l. payable to Mr Crichton, Mr Hay's superior, the free feu-duty will amount to 8 l. 8 s. 3 d. which being valued at 19 years purchase, the upset price is 159 l. 16 s. 9 d.

But, if more agreeable to offerors, this last-mentioned subject may be set up in two different lots, thus:

Lot I. To consist of James Howieson's feu, upset price L. 79 18 4 1/2.

Lot II. John Breckenrigg's ditto, ditto, 79 18 4 1/2.

Together,

L. 159 16 9

LOT III.

A HOUSE or LODGING, GARRET, and CELLAR, in the Meal-market of Edinburgh, presently possessed by Mr Alexander Macdonald clerk to the signet.—The proven free rent of this house is 18 l. Sterling, which being valued at ten years purchase, the upset price will be 180 l.

The articles of roup, and title-deeds, may be seen by applying to Keith Dunbar, depute clerk of session, or James Thomson writer to the signet; and plans of the estate, and copies of the articles, are also lodged with Thomas Goldie writer in Dumfries.

JUDICIAL SALE

BY ADJOURNMENT—AND THE UPSET PRICE REDUCED.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-house, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 24th November next, betwixt the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon,

The Ten-merk Land of old extent of BALGRAY, with the Mill thereof, and teinds of the same, lying in the parish of Irvine and shire of Ayr.

These lands hold of Mr Hamilton of Bourtree-hill.—The free yearly rent is proved to be 199 l. 2 s. 2 d. and they will be exposed at the reduced upset price of 4600 l.

The superiority of the lands of Well-hill, formerly part of the lands of Rickertonholm, for which there is payable an yearly feu-duty of 11 s. 1 d. 4-pence, and which will be exposed at the sum of 16 l. 13 s. 4 d. Sterling.

For further particulars apply to William Brown, writer in Kilmar-nock, William Wilson, writer to the signet, and Mr George Kilpatrick, clerk to the process.

Judicial Sale, by Adjournment.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, on Tuesday the 23d of November 1784, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills,

THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS

Which belonged to Thomas Dall Russell of Balcurvie deceased, lying in the shire of Fife.

I. The Eighth Part of the Lands of KINGSKITTLE, in the parish of Kettle. The rents and feu-duties payable by the vassals amount, after all deductions, to 16 l. 11 s. 0 d. 4-pence yearly; and they are to be set up at 413 l. 15 s. 8 d. 4-pence, being 25 years purchase. This lot holds feu of the Crown, and the teinds are valued and exhausted.

II. The Lands of BALCURVIE HAUGH and HAUGH-MILN, MILN-LANDS and WAUK-MILN, lying in the parish of Markinch. The rents and feu-duties payable by the vassals, amount, after all deductions, to 106 l. 18 s. 10 d. Sterling yearly,—and are to be set up, the property lands at twenty-four years, and the feu duties at twenty-five years purchase; and the upset-price of both amounts to 2569 l. 17 s. 10 d. Sterling.

This lot holds of a subject; and there is an heritable right to the teinds.

III. The Lands of BALGRAYBANK, lying in the parish of Kennoway. The rents and feu-duties, after all deductions, amount to 13 l. 10 s. 0 d. 6-pence Sterling yearly. The property-lands are to be set up at twenty-four years, and the feu-duties at twenty-five years purchase; and the upset-price of both amounts to 325 l. 7 s. 8 d. Sterling. This lot holds of a subject.

IV. A HOUSE and YARD in Kennoway, possessed by Mr Seton, and a RUINOUS HOUSE uninhabited. The rent of the uninhabited subject, after all deductions, is 2 l. 14 s. 8 d.; and the upset-price thereof is 35 l. 10 s. 8 d. And the ruinous house is to be set up at 5 l. Sterling. The upset-price of both is, 40 l. 10 s. 8 d.

This subject holds of a subject.

The articles of roup, title-deeds, and rental, may be seen, by applying to Alexander Stevenson, one of the depute-clerks of Session, or James Beveridge writer in Edinburgh.

LANDS IN THE COUNTY OF PERTH.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

TO be SOLD by public roup, under authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or new Session House of Edinburgh, on Monday the 13th day of December 1784, betwixt the hours of four and eight in the afternoon, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills,

The Lands and Estate of KILGRASTOWN,

which pertained to the deceased John Craigie of Kilgrastown, lying in the parishes of Dumbarrie, Dron, and Abernethy, and shire of Perth. This estate consists of 1754 acres 1 rood and 31 falls, all conveniently and pleasantly situated within a few miles of the town of Perth, and about a quarter of a mile west from the Bridge of Earn; and there are a complete set of offices lately built thereon.

The yearly proven rent of the estate, after deduction of the feu-duties, public burdens, and the valued teind of such parts of the estate as lie in the parishes of Dron and Dumbarrie, of which last the liepends to the ministers of Dron and Dumbarrie fall to be paid, is, L. 1275 14 8 11-12ths.

Which valued at twenty-six years purchase, L. 33169 3 3 10-12ths.

Being the upset-price of the estate.

If this estate does not sell in whole, it will be exposed in the following Lots, viz.

LOT I. The Lands of KILGRASTOWN, whereon the mansion-house and offices stand, and part of the lands of KINTULLO, lying within the parish of Dumbarrie, and upon the west side of the turnpike-road leading from Perth to Kintross; pleasantly situated along the south side of the water of Earn, immediately to the west of the bridge of Earn, and are all inclosed and subdivided. The tenants houses are in good order; the soil is of a rich quality, and the grounds are in excellent good condition. This part of the estate consists of 574 acres 3 roods and 17 falls, part whereof is agreeably laid out in woods and plantations, which are in a healthy and thriving condition.—Part of this lot is held of a subject superior; but there is a sufficiency of valuation to entitle to vote for a member of Parliament.

The free rent of these lands, after deducting public burdens, is, L. 668 10 8 8-12ths.

And they will be exposed at the upset price of L. 16,636 1 4.

LOT II. That part of the Lands of Kintullo, Broomfields, Clayton, and others, with the salmon fishing upon the water of Earn, lying in the parish of Dumbarrie, and upon the east side of the turnpike-road leading from Perth to Kintross.—These lands consist of 304 acres, 3 roods, 34 falls, and lie pleasantly along the south side of the water of Earn, immediately to the east of the Bridge of Earn, and are all inclosed and subdivided. The tenants houses are all in good condition, and the soil is of a rich quality. They hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote in the election for the county of Perth. Part of these lands is also beautifully laid out in woods and plantations, which are in a very thriving condition.

The free rent of this lot, after deducting public burdens, is, L. 336 8 11 10-12ths.

And will be exposed at the upset price of L. 8635 19 9.

LOT III. The Lands of Kirkpottie, Meikle Fiddies, and Clockridge, lying contiguous within the parish of Dron, and consisting of 676 acres 1 rood and 36 falls; 264 acres 3 roods and 9 falls whereof have been planted in the view of building a Mansion-house upon this part of the estate. These plantations are in high order. The lands hold of the Crown and the proprietor will be entitled to vote at the election of a member of parliament for the county.

The free rent of this lot, after deducting public burdens, is, L. 208 15 5 11-12ths.

And will be exposed at the upset price of L. 6394 14 6 4-12ths.

LOT IV. The Lands of Halltown, with the Fishing of Cordon, upon the water of Earn, lying within the parish of Abernethy, and in the neighbourhood of the lands of Kirkpottie, &c. above mentioned. This lot consists of 61 acres 2 roods and 21 falls; and likewise holds of a subject-superior.

The free rent, after deducting public burdens, is, L. 61 19 7.

And will be exposed at the upset price of L. 1502 7 8 6-12ths.

These two lots of the estate last mentioned, are situated within 4 miles of the town of Perth, and two miles of the bridge of Earn.

The articles of roup are to be seen at the office of Mr John Callander, Depute-Clerk of Session; and the progress of writs, rentals, and plans of the estate, will be shown by William Lumfaine, clerk to the signet, who will inform as to other particulars. John Rutherford, junior, writer in Perth, the present factor, will also show rentals of the estate; and William Chalmers at Kilgrastown, will show the grounds.